### Module 2

### Chapter 2

# **Managing Positions**

### **Chapter Overview**

#### Introduction

This chapter contains information for managing positions in the database. It includes procedure steps for retrieving, validating, quick copying, as well as correcting and updating encumbered and unencumbered positions. It also outlines how to terminate and delete positions. Instructions for managing positions in position hierarchy are discussed in this module in Chapter 3.

#### **Chapter Contents**

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# **Querying Positions**

#### **Purpose**

This section guides you through the querying options for retrieving previously built positions and verification of whom occupies the positions.

# **Section Contents**

- Accessing the Position window
- Querying All Positions in the Database
- Querying a Specific Position
- Verifying Who Occupies the Position

#### Before You Begin

Examples of when you will use this procedure:

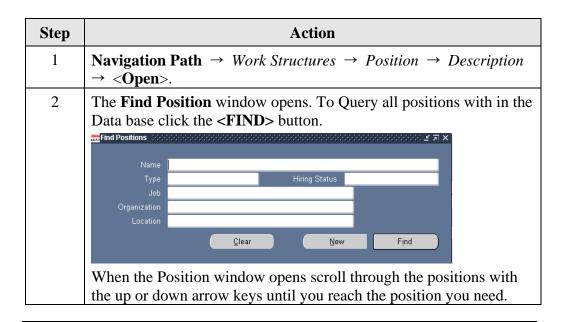
- You start to build a position, but get interrupted before you validate it.
- You want to quick copy a position in the database.

You can query on the **Position** window by clicking any of these data fields:

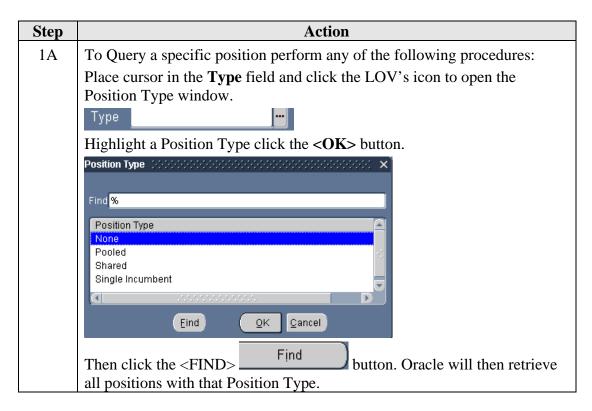
- Name
- Job
- Organization
- Location

### **Querying Positions**

#### **Querying All Positions in the Database**

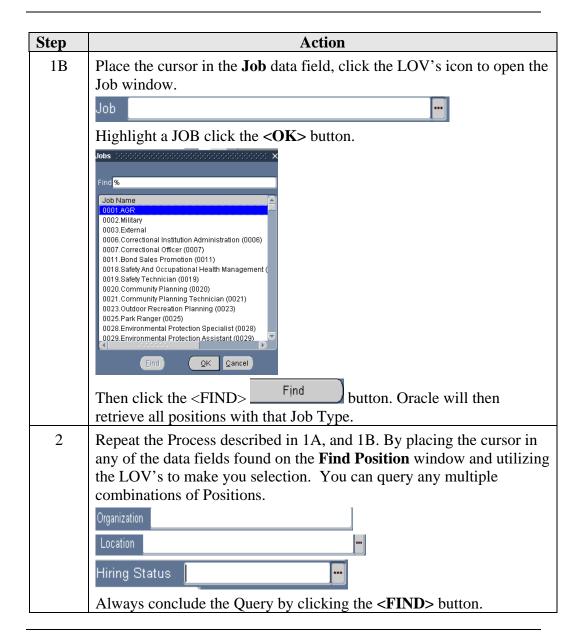


#### **Querying a Specific Position**



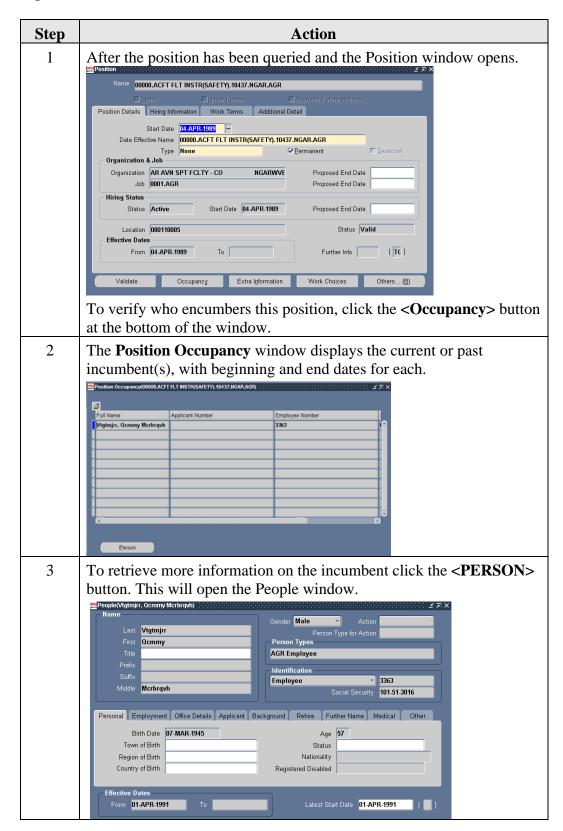
### **Querying Positions**

Querying A Specific Position (Continued)



### **Querying Positions**

#### **Verifying Who Occupies the Position**



### **Validating an Invalid Position**

#### **Purpose**

This procedure shows how to validate an invalid position and change the status to "valid".



Note: Only validated positions can be used with the RPA.

#### Section Contents

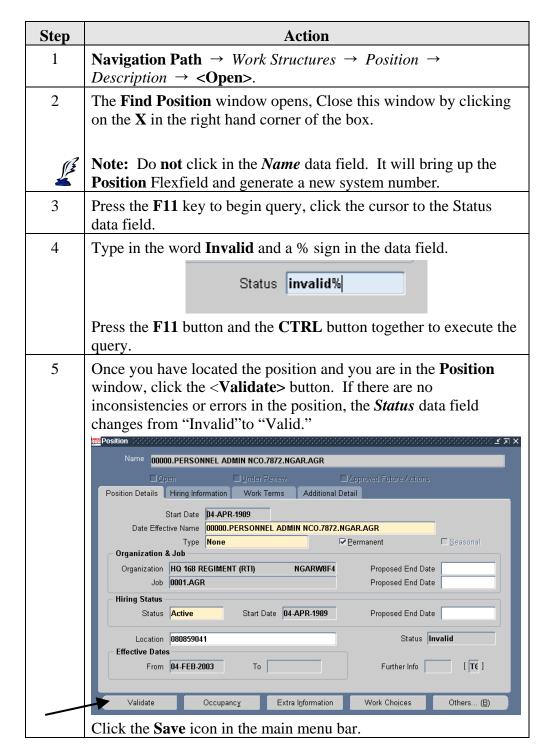
- Querying the Invalid Position
- Validating the Position
- Making Corrections if the Position does Not Validate

#### Before You Begin

- When building or changing position data in the **Position** window, the status of the position is "Invalid" until all required data is entered and all business rules are met.
- When you click the **Validate>** button, the system applies business rules that check the data for errors and inconsistencies. For example, if the Grade and FLSA designations are not compatible, an error message will appear. You must then correct the information and validate the position.
- Once the position is "Valid," remember to link it to the position hierarchy. (See Chapter 3 in this module)
- After you validate the position, you can use it when processing position-related RPAs.

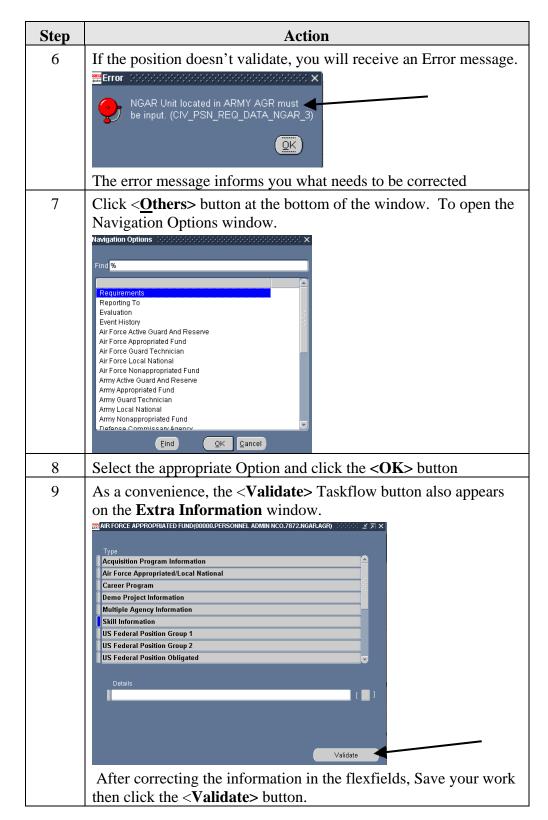
### Validating an Invalid Position, Continued

#### **Querying the Invalid Position**



### Validating an Invalid Position, Continued

#### **Making Corrections if the Position Does Not Validate**



### **Quick Copying a Position**

#### **Purpose**

This procedure shows you how to Quick Copy up to 10 copies of a validated position.

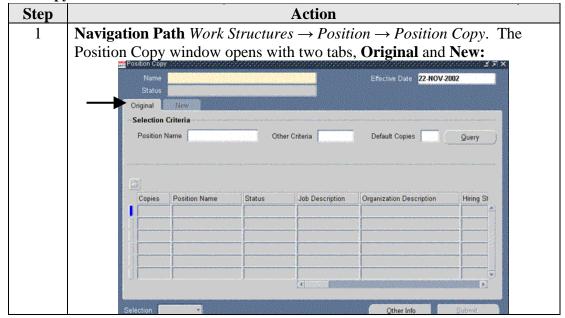
#### Section Contents

- Querying the Position to Copy
- Making Job or Organization Changes
- Modifying and Quick Copying
- Using Cut and Paste Method for Querying
- Validating the Quick Copied Position (s)

#### Before You Begin

- If you are making a Quick Copy of a position, you need to know how to retrieve it. It must also be a valid position. On the **Position** window at the *Name* field, query the position using one or more of the following unique position identifiers:
  - PD Number
  - Sequence Number
- You will need to validate each position that you Quick Copy.
- You can Quick Copy:
  - Similar positions and make the minor changes needed before validating.
  - An encumbered or vacant position.
  - Other "Quick Copied" positions.

#### **Accessing the Position Copy Window**



# **Quick Copying a Position**

### **Querying the Position to Copy**

Step	Action
1	In the <b>Position Copy</b> window, Type in a name in the <i>Name</i> data field to identify the set of position(s) to be copied. Enter a name even if you are going to copy only one position. For Example, use your initials, date, <i>Position Title</i> , etc.
	Name AFR-TEST COPY Status Pending Query
2	<ul> <li>The <i>Effective Date</i> populates with the current date.</li> <li>It applies to all the positions that you query. If you do not enter a date, the system uses the current date.</li> <li>Change the <i>Effective Date</i> if you want a date that corresponds to the position to be copied.</li> </ul>
3	In the Position window click in <b>Position Name</b> data field.
	Position Name
	The Position Flexfield window opens with the Sequence Number populated.  Position Description No Title Sequence Number 53510 Agency Group Position Type QK Cancel Combinations Clear Help
4	Enter the <i>Sequence Number</i> you wish to query and click the <b><ok></ok></b> button.
5	A criteria window will open just click the <ok> button.    Criteria</ok>
	The <b>Position Copy</b> window opens with "Pending Query" in the
	Status data field at the top, and Position Name populates with the Sequence Number under the Selection Criteria

# Quick Copying a Position, Continued

#### Querying the Position to Copy (continued)

Step	Action		
6	Enter the number of copies needed in the <i>Default Copies</i> data field.		
	Default Copies 1		
7	Click the <b><query></query></b> button to execute.		
	Query		
	The <b>Position Copy</b> window displays the retrieved record(s) in the <i>Status</i> data field. The position data populates in the columns: <b>Copies, Position Name, Status, Job Description, Organization Description, Hiring Status</b> , etc.		
	<b>Note:</b> The number of copies you entered displays under <i>Default Copies</i> data field and the <b>Copies</b> Column.		
8	Click on the <b>New</b> Tab.		
9	Click in the <b>Change List</b> data field.		
	Change List		
10	The Change List window opens: Change any of the data fields that apply to the new position(s). Click the <ok> button.  Change List  Organization Head Count Position Status Successor Position Supervisor Position Earliest Hire Date Fill By Date</ok>		
11	After making all necessary changes click the <b>Create New</b> button on the upper right side of the window. <u>Create New</u>		
12	A Note Message Box displays: "Pending record(s) created on New Tab." Click the <b><ok></ok></b> button.		

# Quick Copying a Position, Continued

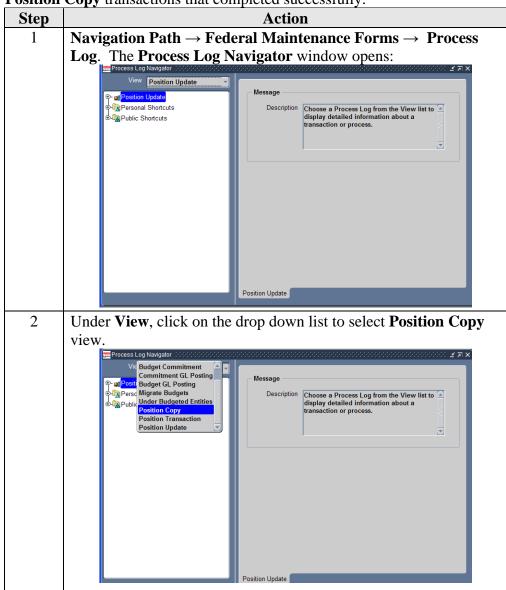
#### **Querying the Position to Copy** (continued)

Step	Action		
13	The <b>New</b> window Tab displays the Position data populated in <b>Position Name</b> data field and the Columns populated with the number of positions to copy. The <b>Status</b> data field at the top populates with "Pending New Record(s)."		
14	Click the <b>Submit</b> button at the bottom of the window.		
15	A Note displays: Transaction applied and concurrent request(#) submitted. Click the <b><ok></ok></b> button.		
16	Go to the Position screen, Query the new position and validate it.		
	<ul> <li>• When the position copy is submitted, the system refreshes the position data with the exception of the Change List items and any manual changes you've made. It refreshes the data based on the Effective Date.</li> <li>• The system validates the position using the same validation process it does when you create a position with the Position Window.</li> <li>You can query the new position in the Position Window and continue making further changes, for example, in Position Extra Information.</li> <li>Re-query the position copy name (Personnelist Position Copy) to refresh the status. Press F11, type in Personnelist%, CTRL+F11.</li> </ul>		
	The status changes to "Completed."  Name Personnelist Position Copy  Effective Date 22-NOV-2002		
	Status Completed Original New		
	Selection Criteria Position Name JM001.Personnelist.5 Other Criteria Default Copies 1		
	Copies Position Name Status Job Description Organization Description Hiring St  1 JM001.Personnelist.5 Completed 0201.Human Resor U S ARMY ENGINEER DISTRIC Active		
	Selection Qther Info Submit		

### Quick Copying a Position, Continued

Viewing the Process Log

If the status is "Error New Record(s)," use the **Process Log** to view the error message associated with the position copy. The **Process Log** also includes **Position Copy** transactions that completed successfully.



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# Quick Copying a Position, Continued

Viewing the Process Log (continued)

Step	Action		
3	Click on the plus sign (+) next to <b>Position Copy</b> to view the list of		
	Position Copy transactions.		
	Green Light indicates "Copied"		
	<ul> <li>Red Light indicates"Errors</li> </ul>		
	The error message is shown on the right under Message. This error is		
	related to invalid data associated with the original Position being copied.		
	You need to correct this information on the <b>Position</b> window, and then		
	go back to <b>Position Copy</b> .		
	Re-query the <b>Position Copy</b> transaction that is in status of Error		
	New Record(s).		
	On the <b>Original</b> Tab, click <b>Query</b> . This retrieves the original		
	position with the correct data.		
	• Click on <b>New</b> and continue with the position copy.		
	Transfer of the second of the		
4	You may delete a position copy transaction if the status is <b>Pending New</b>		
	<b>Record(s)</b> or <b>Error New Record(s)</b> . Once the status is <b>Completed</b> , you		
	are not able to delete the transaction.		

### **Querying Position Information from the RPA**

#### **Purpose**

This procedure guides you through the steps for retrieving a list of the positions in your database using the **RPA Appointment** Window.

# Information Displayed

The following items display on the list:

- Position Title
- Occupied (Yes/No)
- Pay Plan
- Occ Series
- Grade
- Organization Name
- Position Number
- Position Sequence Number
- Agency Code/Sub Element

#### **Section Contents**

- Accessing the RPA
- Using the RPA Appointment Window to Retrieve Position Information

#### Before You Begin

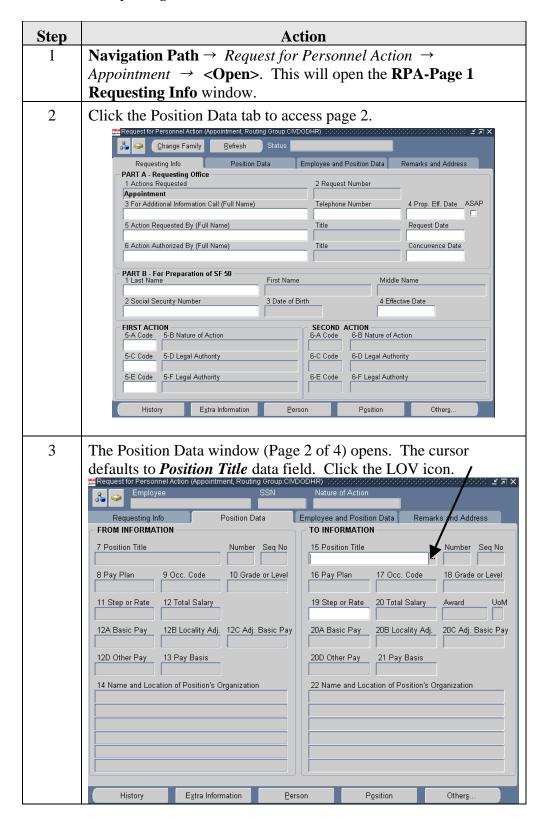
This method of retrieving position information would normally be used for appointing someone to a position. It is being provided in this section as a handy tool to access the position information in your database by **Position Title**.



**Note:** You can also access the rest of position flexfields by clicking the <**Position>** Taskflow Button on the RPA Window.

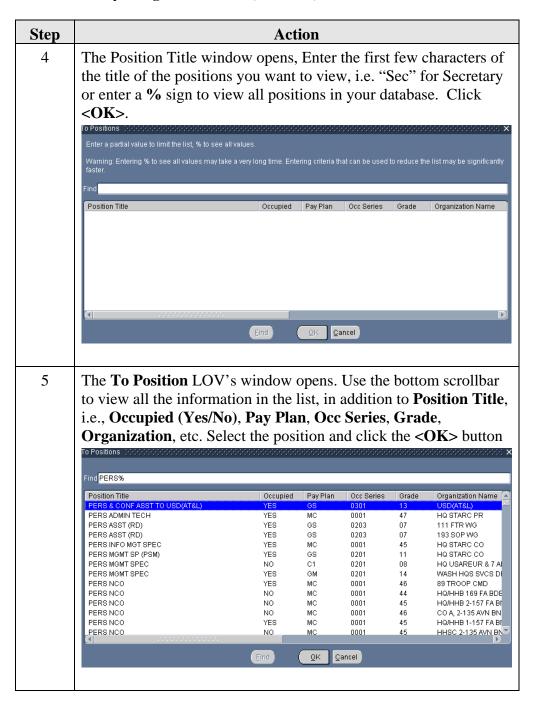
### Querying Position Information from the RPA, Continued

**Retrieving Position Information by Using Position Title** 



### Querying Position Information from the RPA, Continued

**Retrieving Position Information by Using Position Title** (continued)



# Querying Position Information from the RPA, Continued

#### **Retrieving Position Information by Using Position Title** (continued)

Step	Action			
6	Follow this decision logic table to	Follow this decision logic table to proceed.		
		you want to view a specific sition:		
	Click Cancel and exit the RPA Window, by clicking Action on the Main Menu then click Close Form to return to the Navigation List.  The The The Trick Click Cancel and exit the Day The The Trick Cancel and exit the Day The Trick Cancel and exit the RPA Window, by clicking the Trick Cancel and exit the RPA Window, by clicking the Trick Cancel and exit the RPA Window, by clicking the Trick Cancel and exit the RPA Window, by clicking the Trick Cancel and exit the RPA Window, by clicking the Trick Cancel and exit the RPA Window, by clicking the Trick Cancel and exit the RPA Window, by clicking the Trick Cancel and exit the RPA Window, by clicking the Trick Cancel and exit the RPA Window, by clicking the Trick Cancel and exit the RPA Window, by clicking the Trick Cancel and exit the Trick Cancel	Click the position you want to retrieve.  Click <b><ok></ok></b> .  RPA Window displays with Position Title and Position  ta filled in.  view more information:  Click <b><position></position></b> .  e modified Position Window plays.  Click the Descriptive  Flexfield ([]) and click <b><others></others></b> to see the Extra  Information Flexfields.		

### **Changing Unencumbered Positions**

#### **Purpose**

This section guides you through the steps for changing unencumbered positions that have never been occupied. You "correct" data if the change is made on the same day as the effective date. You "update" data if the change is effective after the effective date.

#### Section Contents

- Correcting and Updating
- Before You Begin
- Accessing the **Position** Window
- Querying the Position
- Correcting or Updating Position Data

# Correcting and Updating Position Data

If you are correcting or updating position information, you need to take into consideration these situations and timeframes:

	Timeframe	Timeframe
Situation	And, it's the same day (date the position was established), then	And, it's a later date, then
Erroneous information was entered while building a position   • Example: FLSA was initially entered incorrectly. A change occurs to the data that was entered after the position was built.	Retrieve the position and override the data.	Retrieve the position, use the Alter Effective Date Button and enter the effective date (the date you built the position). Correct the FLSA data by overriding the erroneous data in the position record.  (date the information becomes in effect, or valid). "Update" the data by changing the data in the position record.  CAUTION: If you don't reset the date, the next action you take will be effective on the altered date of your last action.

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### Changing Unencumbered Positions, Continued

**Correcting and Updating Position Data** (continued)

#### **Before You Begin**



#### **Caution:**

- You should carefully evaluate each data item before changing a position.
- Before making any changes, consider **end dating** or **deleting** and build a new position.
- ◆ Examples: End Date ends the record on the date you enter in the *To* data field on the Position Window. From that date forward, this end date displays in the *To* data field.

**Deleting** removes any history of the record and can only be accomplished on a position that has never been occupied.

Information about locations, organizations, jobs, positions, grades, pay tables, and other work structures is referred to as "dated" information as opposed to "DateTracked' information used with employee actions. Dated information is maintained in the database to keep a history of actions over time. Previous versions of the position record may be viewed through the use of the Alter

**Effective Date** button on the Toolbar.

- Changes to the position record are accomplished through the use of the *From* and *To* Dates on the **Position** Window:
  - The *From* Field is used to show when the date the position becomes effective (or the date established).
  - The **To** Field is used to assign an **end date** when you terminate a position.



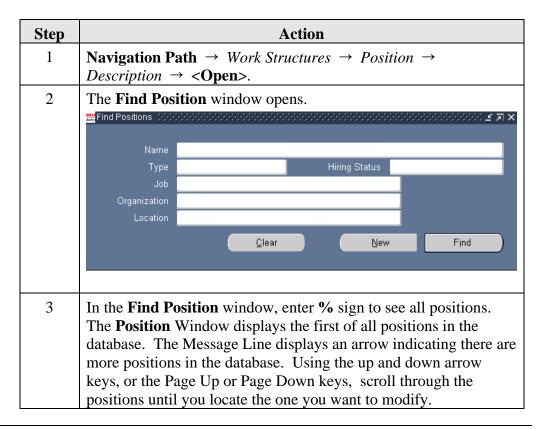
#### **Notes:**

• The *From* and *To* Fields are not subject to **DateTrack.** The period you enter in these fields remains fixed until you change the values in either data field. There is no **DateTrack History** for position records.

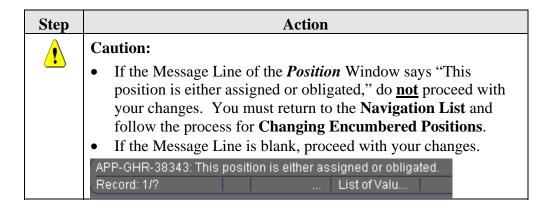
To change "protected data" (assigned organization and job - occupational series) you may use **Quick Copy**. Check the appropriate block to change (organization or job) on the **Quick Copy** Window prior to creating the new position. Otherwise, once a position is created, this becomes protected data and cannot be changed.

### Changing Unencumbered Positions, Continued

#### **Accessing the Position Window**

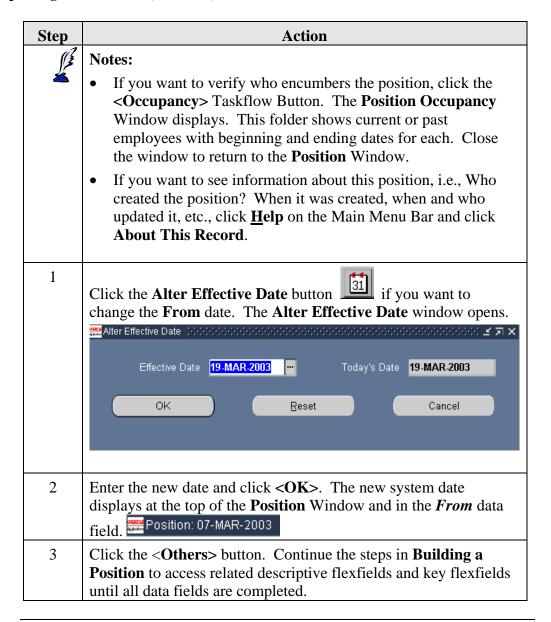


#### **Correcting or Updating Position Data**



### Changing Unencumbered Positions, Continued

**Correcting or Updating Position Data** (continued)



#### **Correcting or Updating Position Data (continued) (continued)**

Step	Action		
4	After completing the last <b>Extra Position Information</b> Flexfield Window, click <b>Save</b> on the Toolbar. Click the <b><validate></validate></b> button.		
5	If the Position Then		
	Doesn't Validate	You receive a dialog box with an error message. Retrieve the necessary flexfield(s) and make corrections.  After correcting, click <b>Save</b> and click <b><validate></validate></b> on the <b>Extra Information</b> Flexfield to save your changes and validate the data.	
		<b>Position</b> Window displays "Valid" in the <b>Status Box</b> .	
	Validates	The <b>Status Box</b> on the <b>Position</b> Window shows "Valid."	

#### To Exit

Click  $\underline{\mathbf{Action}}$  on the Main Menu Bar and click  $\underline{\mathbf{Close}}$  Form to return to the Navigation List.



**Caution:** If you changed the effective date for this position change, you must reset the date before proceeding to another action.

### **Changing Encumbered Positions**

#### **Purpose**

This section guides you through the process of changing position data on encumbered (occupied) positions. The information in this section applies to the following kinds of position change situations:

- Change an encumbered (filled) position first incumbent (occupant).
- Change an encumbered position additional past incumbent(s).
- Change a vacant position with past incumbents.

#### **Section Contents**

- Process Definition
- Who Changes Position Information
- Business Rules
- Examples of Changes Generating an NPA
- Requirements for Changing Specific Data Elements
- Accessing the RPA
- Illustration of Change in Data Element (NOA 800)
- Illustration of Change in Duty Station (NOA 792)
- Example of Using the Position Window in Work Structures
  - Accessing the Position Window
  - Querying the Position
  - Changing Competitive Level

#### Regulatory References

US OPM, The Guide to Processing Personnel Actions (GPPA)

# See Also

Module 2, Position Management and Classification Using the DCPDS Sections,

Building a Position

**Querying Positions** 

**Building a Position Hierarchy** 

Quick Copying a Position

**Changing Unencumbered Positions** 

Module 3, Processing Requests for Personnel Action Using the DCPDS

#### Process Definition

- Position data elements that appear on the Notification of Personnel Action (NPA) cannot be changed on the Position Window. They must be processed through the RPA using the appropriate Nature of Action Code (NOAC). For example:
  - Position Work Schedule Use the RPA and NOAC 781.
  - *FLSA* Use the RPA and process FLSA change in conjunction with appointment or placement action; or, as NOAC 800, Change in Data Element
- Refer to the OPM GPPA to determine the correct NOAC to use for various actions affecting the information on an NPA.
- Position data elements that **do not** appear on the NPA can be changed in two ways, either:
  - On the RPA Window using the Position Taskflow Button to access the Position Window (be sure to datetrack to the date the updated position information takes effect)

Or

• In *Work Structures* using the data field on the **Position** Window.

#### Who Can Change Position Information

- Component policies and business rules determine who is assigned this responsibility.
- Position data is usually modified at Regional Service Centers (RSCs) by
  personnelists given the responsibility. Modification of position data is not
  done at Customer Service Units (CSUs) or by line managers outside of the
  civilian personnel community. However, the need to make changes to
  position data can come from officials in serviced organizations, which
  may have new workloads, mission changes, or other circumstances that
  require that positions be modified.

#### **Business Rules**

- You cannot **delete** positions that are encumbered.
- To cancel an encumbered position, the position must be end-dated (to accurately maintain assignment history), and the employee separated or moved to another position.
  - If the end-date is a **future date**:
    - You can add or change this date while the employee continues to encumber the position. If the employee continues to encumber the position once the end-date has passed, you will receive a daily alert to move the employee from the position.
  - If the end-date is a **current** or **past date**:
    - The incumbent must be moved from the position before the position can be end-dated.

Examples of Changes Generating an NPA The following position changes are examples of actions that must be done via the RPA for encumbered positions, because they require production of an NPA.

Nature of Action (NOA)	RPA Position Actions	Process Definition
781	Change in Work Schedule	A change in the work schedule or time basis on which an employee is paid, including change between seasonal and non-seasonal work schedules.
782	Change in Hours	A change in the total number of hours during that day that a part-time employee is scheduled to work.
792	Change in Duty Station	A change in an employee's official duty station or work site.
800	Change in Data Element	A change in Bargaining Unit Status, FLSA Category, Personnel Office ID, etc.

#### **Requirements for Changing Specific Data Elements**

Data Element	Associated Requirements	
JOB	DCPDS will not allow the " <b>Job</b> " (the occupational series) assigned to a position to be changed once a position is created and saved.	
	When a position is encumbered, an NPA will always be required to move the employee to a different position. The NOA will vary depending upon the circumstances. Refer to the GPPA.	
ORGANIZATION	For vacant or encumbered positions, the position can be realigned through Mass Actions, with <b>NOA 790 Realignment</b> Or	
	If organizational information is updated on the <b>Organization</b> Window, that information will automatically "flow" to all of the positions in the organization.	
	<b>Note:</b> OPM does not require that such a change be documented with a personnel action NPA, but neither does it prohibit such documentation.	
LOCATION	The duty location of the position must be identical with that of the assignment of the employee who encumbers the position.	
	Note: OPM requires that a change in position/assignment location be documented with a personnel action with NOA 792 -Change in Duty Station, if no other changes occur simultaneously.	
	A list form of the NPA may be used if the change affects a large number of employees/assignments.	
VALID GRADE	Changes in <i>Grade</i> , <i>Pay Plan</i> , <i>or Pay Basis</i> in an encumbered position always require an NPA.	

### Changing Encumbered Positions, Continued

#### Before You Begin

- The primary sources of information for position data changes are the RPA and the position description.
- Once in the RPA, the Position Window is the same as the one used in Work Structures to build a new position except <Extra Information>
   Taskflow Button has been added. Three Taskflow Buttons
   (<Occupancy>, <Quick Copy>, and <Others>) are not available. The buttons and fields on the Position Window are described in the procedure steps of Building a Position in this module.
- If the position is moving to a new organizational location, the new
   Organizational Hierarchy must be established before you can move the position.
- If you wish to change a position after you build it, and the position is being used on an RPA, you will need to **alter the effective date** of the RPA action to make your position change. Otherwise, the RPA will not recognize the change.



**Note:** Remember to reset the **alter effective date** back to the current date before proceeding with another action.



**Caution:** You should carefully evaluate each data item before changing a position.

### **Changing Encumbered Positions, Continued**

# Accessing The RPA

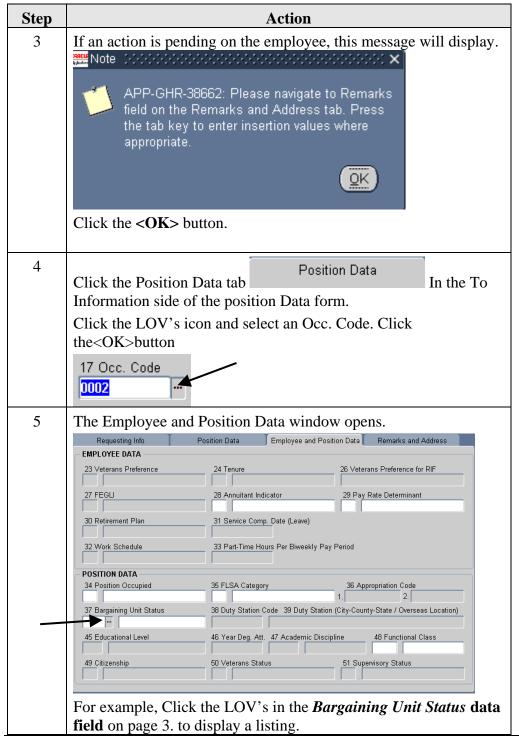
Follow this path to access the RPA. Navigation Path  $\rightarrow$  Request for Personnel Action  $\rightarrow$  Change Actions  $\rightarrow$  Change in Data Element  $\rightarrow$  < Open> to display the RPA – Page 1 with the selected action listed in the Actions Request data field.

#### Illustration of Change in Data Element (NOA 800)

Step	Action		
1	Use the procedures listed in Module 3, Request for Personnel Action, Chapter 2, Completing the RPA to complete Page 1 of the RPA.		
2	With your cursor in the First Action Region of <i>5-A Code</i> data field click the LOV icon to display the <b>First Nature of Actions</b> window. Select the correct Nature of Action and click <b><ok></ok></b> to automatically populate the data field on page 1.  First Nature of Actions		
	-		
	Code 800	Nature of Action  Change in Data Element	
	A073	Election of Insurance Coverage	
	A074	Change in Insurance Coverage	
	A094	Change in Occupational Code	
	N094	Change in Occupational Code	
	N970	Enrollment in USAFE Pension Scheme	
		Eind QK Cancel	

### Changing Encumbered Positions, Continued

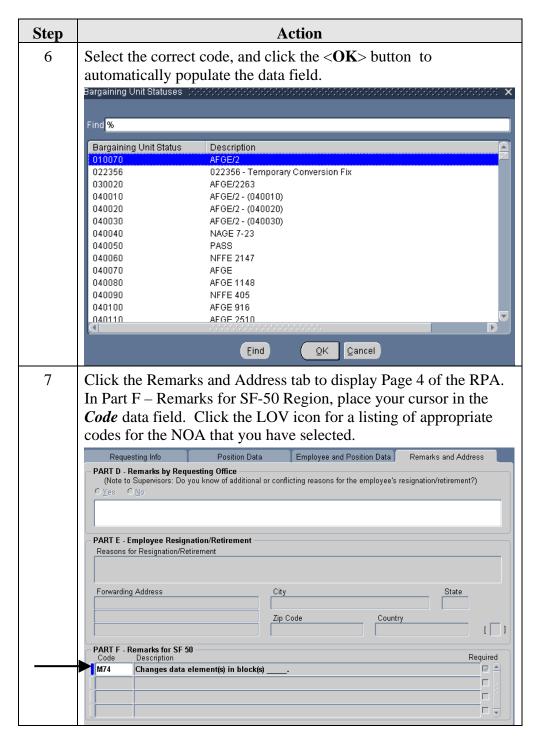
#### **Illustration of Change in Data Element (NOA 800)** (continued)



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### **Changing Encumbered Positions, Continued**

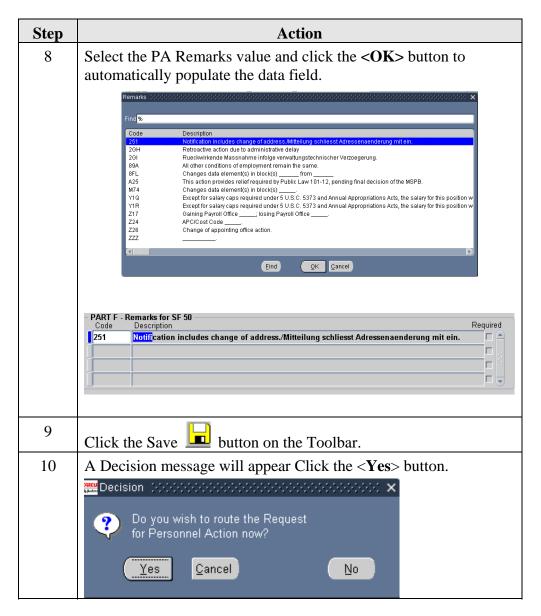
#### Illustration of Change in Data Element (NOA 800) (continued)



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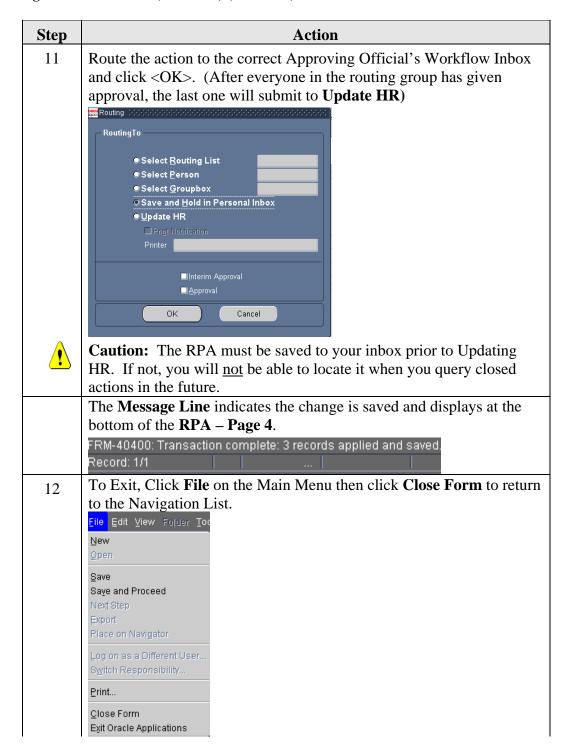
### **Changing Encumbered Positions, Continued**

Illustration of Change in Data Element (NOA 800) (continued)



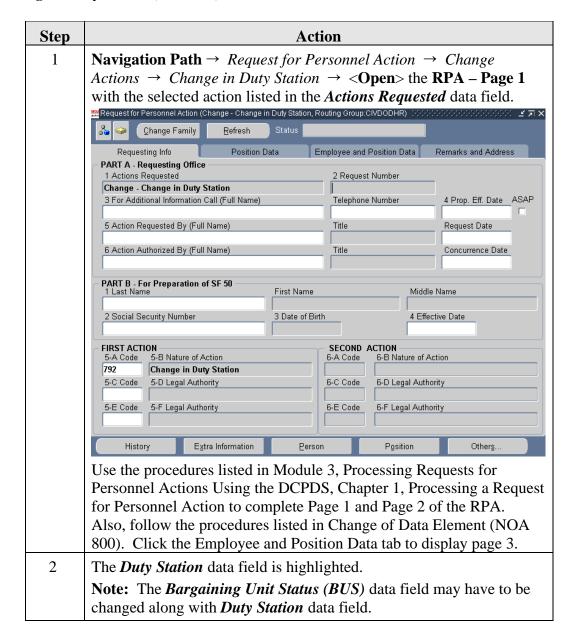
### **Changing Encumbered Positions, Continued**

Illustration of Change in Data Element (NOA 800) (continued)

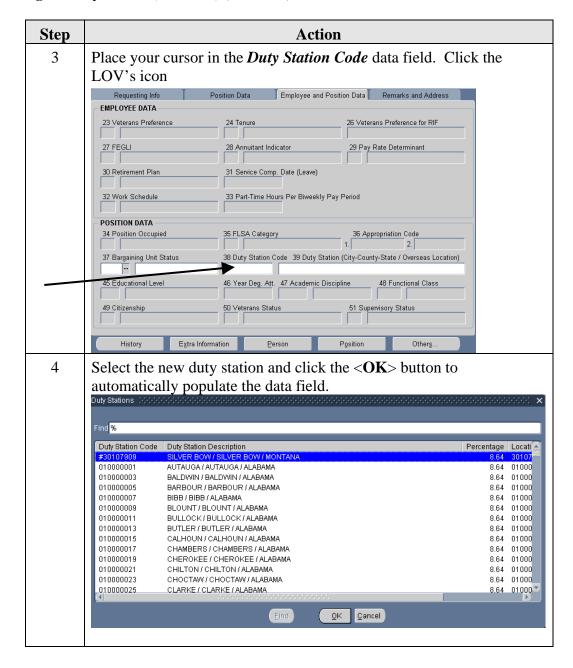


### **Changing Encumbered Positions, Continued**

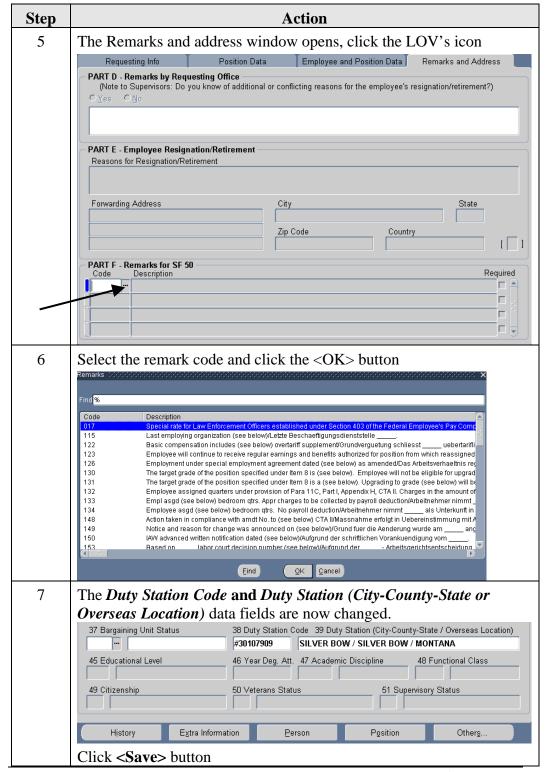
**Illustration of Change in Duty Station (NOA 792)** 

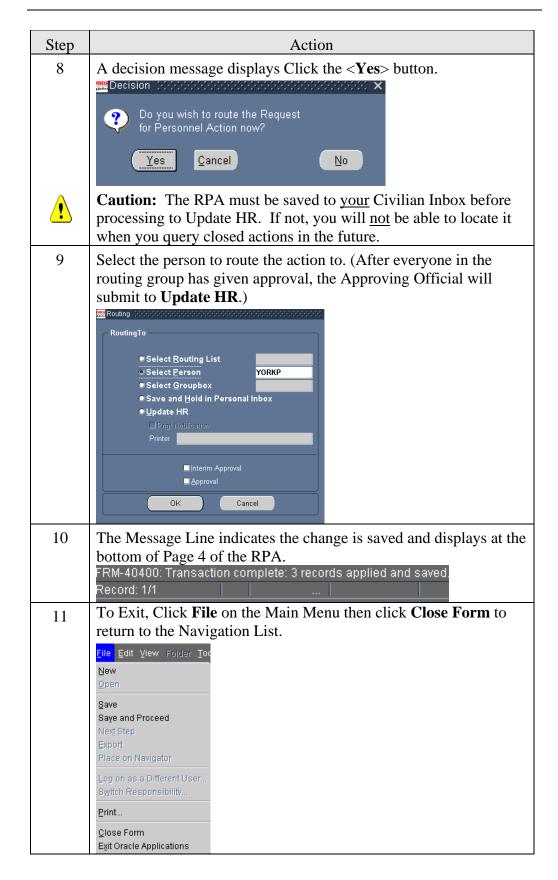


**Illustration of Change in Duty Station (NOA 792)** (continued)



**Illustration of Change in Duty Station (NOA 792)** (continued)



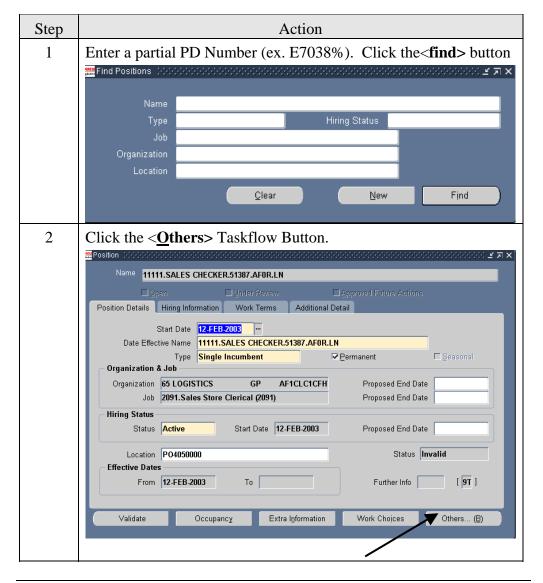


### Changing Encumbered Positions, Continued

Accessing the Position Window

**Navigation Path**  $\rightarrow$  *Work Structures*  $\rightarrow$  *Position*  $\rightarrow$  *Description*  $\rightarrow$  <**Open**>.

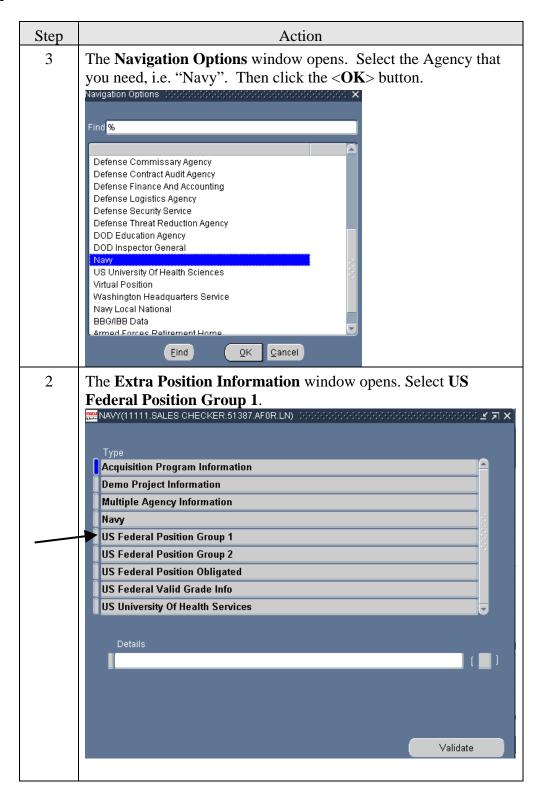
#### **Querying the Position**



July 2003

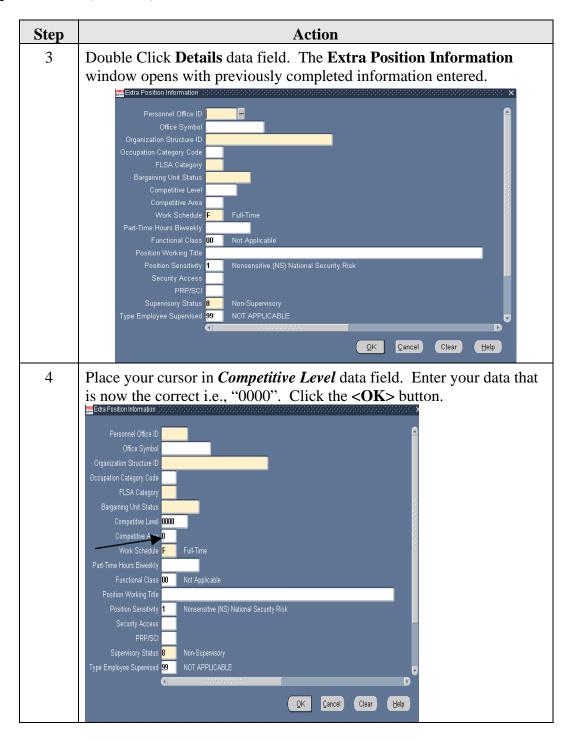
### Changing Encumbered Positions, Continued

#### **Changing Competitive Level**



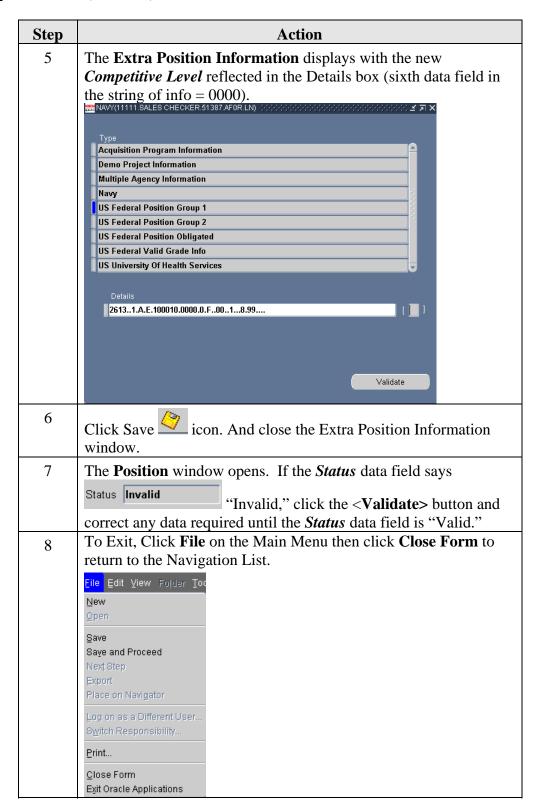
### Changing Encumbered Positions, Continued

**Changing Competitive Level** (continued)



### Changing Encumbered Positions, Continued

**Changing Competitive Level** (continued)



### **Terminating and Deleting a Position**

#### **Purpose**

This section explains how to terminate or delete a position. The required steps depend on whether the position is encumbered or has been occupied.

#### **Section Contents**

- Before you begin
- Terminating a Position
- Deleting a Position

# Who Does This Process

You must be assigned a role in the personnel area to perform this function or assigned this role by your Component.

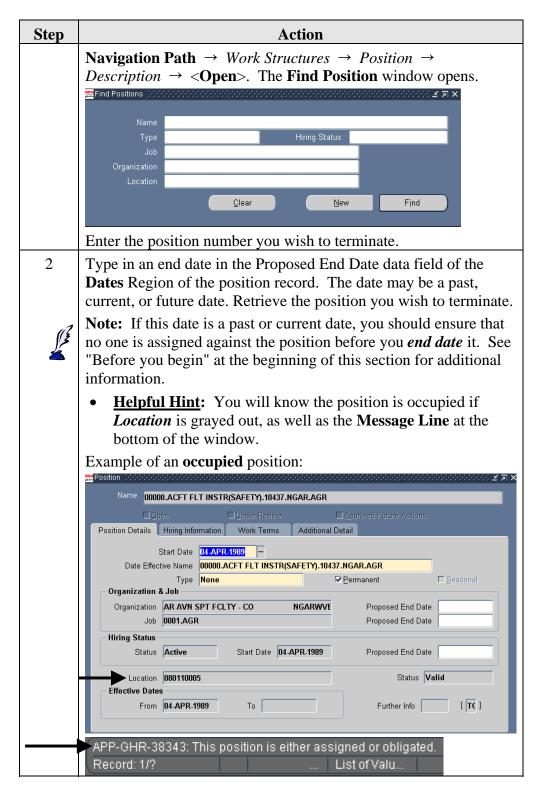
#### Before You Begin

Things to consider before terminating or deleting a position and the differences.

When to "Terminate"	When to "Delete"
It is not encumbered.	It is not within a hierarchy.
You want to use it again.	It has never been occupied.
You want to keep historical data.	It isn't being used by an RPA.
Note: A new sequence number will be assigned.	Note: All historical data is removed, but the sequence number never goes away.

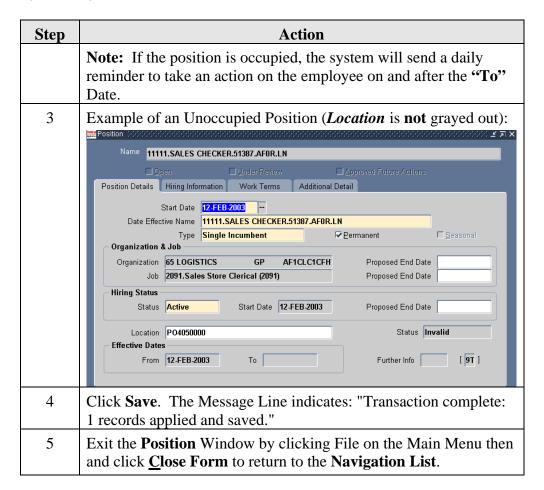
### Terminating and Deleting a Position, Continued

#### **Deleting a Position**



### Terminating and Deleting a Position, Continued

#### **Deleting a Position** (continued)



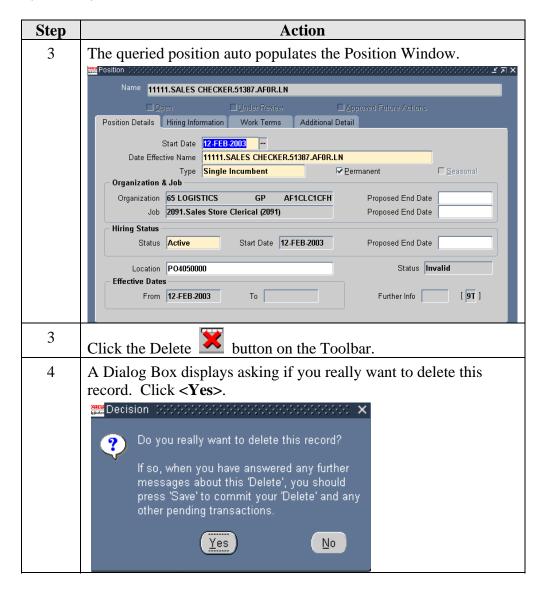
# Deleting a Position

If the position is in a hierarchy, follow the process in **Deleting a Position from a Position Hierarchy** in this module. If not, follow these steps to delete a position that has never been occupied or is not being used by an RPA.

Step	Action
1	Navigation Path → Work Structures → Position → Description → <open>. The Find Position window opens.</open>
2	Retrieve the position you wish to delete by using the Querying function. Place the cursor in the <i>Name</i> data field and enter a partial value of the position, ex: %JI123%. Click View → Query by Example → Enter → Run.

### Terminating and Deleting a Position, Continued

#### **Deleting a Position** (continued)



### Terminating and Deleting a Position, Continued

#### **Deleting a Position** (continued)

